

O-Bank Co., Ltd. Procedural Rules Governing Shareholders' Meetings

Instituted on July 12, 1999

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 14, 2013

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 2, 2015

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 14, 2017

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 19, 2020

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of July 20, 2021

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 17, 2022

Amended by General Shareholders' Meeting of June 16, 2023

Article 1

Pursuant to Article 5 of the *Corporate Governance Best-Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM-Listed Companies*, these *Procedural Rules Governing Shareholders' Meetings* (the "Rules") are adopted for the purposes of establishing a sound governance system for shareholders' meetings, building well-rounded supervisory capabilities, and strengthening management capabilities.

Article 2

Unless otherwise provided by applicable laws and regulations or the Company's *Articles of Incorporation*, the shareholders' meetings of the Company shall be held in accordance with the Rules set forth below.

Article 3

Unless otherwise provided by applicable laws or regulations, the shareholders' meetings of the Company shall be convened by the Board of Directors.

Unless otherwise provided in Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, a company that will convene a shareholders' meeting with video conferencing shall expressly provide for such meetings in its Articles of Incorporation and obtain a resolution of it shall require the attendance of more than two-

thirds of the directors and the consent of more than half of the directors present.

Changes to how this Corporation convenes its shareholders' meeting shall be resolved by the Board of Directors, and shall be made no later than mailing of the shareholders' meeting notice.

The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting notice and proxy forms, and the origins of and explanatory materials relating to all proposals, including proposals for ratification, matters for discussion, or the election or dismissal of directors, and upload them onto the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) not fewer than 30 days before the date of a general shareholders' meeting or not fewer than 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. The Company shall prepare electronic versions of the shareholders' meeting agenda handbook and supplemental meeting materials and upload them onto the MOPS not fewer than 21 days before the date of a general shareholders' meeting or not fewer than 15 days before the date of a special shareholders' meeting. If, however, the Company has the paid-in capital of NT\$10 billion or more as of the last day of the most current fiscal year, or total shareholding of foreign shareholders and PRC shareholders reaches 30% or more as recorded on the shareholders' roster of the shareholders' meeting held in the immediately preceding year, transmission of these electronic files shall be made by 30 days before the regular shareholders' meeting. In addition, not fewer than 15 days before the date of a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall also have prepared the shareholders' meeting agenda handbook and supplemental meeting materials and made them available for review by shareholders at any time. The aforesaid meeting agenda handbook and supplemental materials shall also be displayed at the Company and the shareholder services agent designated thereby.

The Company shall make the meeting agenda and supplemental meeting materials in the preceding paragraph available to shareholders for review in the following manner on the date of the shareholders' meeting:

1. For the physical shareholders' meetings, to be distributed onsite at the meeting.
2. For the hybrid shareholders' meetings, to be distributed on-site at the meeting and shared on the visual communication platform.

3. For the virtual-only shareholders' meetings, electronic files shall be shared on the visual communication platform.

The reasons for convening a shareholders' meeting shall be specified in the meeting notice and public announcement. With the consent of the addressee, the meeting notice may be given in electronic form.

Election or dismissal of directors, amendments to the Articles of Incorporation, reduction of capital, application for the approval of ceasing its status as a public company, approval of competing with the company by directors, surplus profit distributed in the form of new shares, reserve distributed in the form of new shares, the dissolution, merger, or demerger of the Company, or any matter under Article 185, paragraph 1 of the Company Act, Articles 26-1 and 43-6 of the Securities and Exchange Act, or Articles 56-1 and 60-2 of the Regulations Governing the Offering and Issuance of Securities by Securities Issuers shall be set out in the notice of the reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting and the essential contents shall be explained in the notice. None of the aforesaid matters may be raised by an extempore motion.

Where a reelection of the Board of Directors and the date of its assuming office are specified in the notice of reasons for convening the shareholders' meeting, the said meeting shall not alter this date of assuming office by an extempore motion or any other means after the given reelection has been completed.

A shareholder holding 1% or more of the total number of issued shares may submit to the Company a proposal for discussion at a general shareholders' meeting. Such proposals are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda. In addition, when the circumstances of any subparagraph of paragraph 4, Article 172-1 of the Company Act apply to a proposal put forward by a shareholder, the Board of Directors may exclude it from the agenda.

Shareholders may submit proposals for urging the Company to promote public interests or fulfill its social responsibilities. In accordance with Article 172-1 of the *Company Act*, such

proposals are limited to one item only, and no proposal containing more than one item will be included in the meeting agenda.

Prior to the book closure date before a general shareholders' meeting is held, the Company shall publicly announce that it will accept shareholder proposals in writing or electronically and specify the location and time period for their submission; the period for submission of shareholder proposals shall not be fewer than 10 days.

Shareholder proposals are limited to 300 words in writing, and no proposal containing more than 300 words will be included in the meeting agenda. The shareholder making the proposal shall be present in person or by proxy at the general shareholders' meeting and take part in discussion of the proposal.

Prior to the date for issuance of notice of a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall inform the shareholders who submitted proposals of its screening results, and shall list in the meeting notice the proposals that conform to the provisions of this article. At the shareholders' meeting, the Board of Directors shall explain the reasons for exclusion of any shareholder proposals from the meeting agenda.

Article 4

For each shareholders' meeting, a shareholder may appoint a proxy to attend the meeting by providing the proxy form issued by the Company and stating the scope of the proxy's authorization.

A shareholder may issue only one proxy form and appoint only one proxy for any given shareholders' meeting, and shall deliver the proxy form to the Company not fewer than five days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. When duplicate proxy forms are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail unless a declaration is made to cancel the previous proxy appointment.

After a proxy form has been delivered to the Company, if the shareholder intends to attend the meeting in person or to exercise voting rights in writing or by electronic means, a

written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company not fewer than two days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

If, after a proxy form is delivered to the Company, a shareholder wishes to attend the shareholders meeting online, a written notice of proxy cancellation shall be submitted to the Company two days before the meeting date. If the cancellation notice is submitted after that time, votes cast at the meeting by the proxy shall prevail.

Article 5

The venue for a shareholders' meeting shall be the premises of the Company or a place easily accessible to shareholders and suitable for a shareholders' meeting. The meeting may begin no earlier than 9 a.m. and no later than 3 p.m. Full consideration shall be given to the opinions of independent directors with respect to the place and time of the meeting.

The restrictions on the place of the meeting shall not apply when the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting.

Article 6

The Company shall specify in its shareholders' meeting notices the time during which shareholder, solicitors, and proxies (hereinafter "shareholders") attendance registrations will be accepted, the place to register for attendance, and other matters for attention.

The time during which shareholder attendance registrations are to be accepted, as stated in the preceding paragraph, shall be at least 30 minutes prior to the time the meeting commences. The place at which attendance registrations are accepted shall be clearly marked and a sufficient number of suitable personnel assigned to handle the registrations. For visual communication shareholders' meetings, shareholders may begin to register on the visual communication platform 30 minutes before the meeting starts. Shareholders completing registration will be deemed as attending the shareholders' meeting in person.

Shareholders shall present attendance cards, sign-in cards, or other certificates of attendance to attend shareholders' meetings. The Company shall not arbitrarily add

requirements for other documents beyond those showing eligibility to attend presented by shareholders. Solicitors soliciting proxy forms shall also bring identification documents for verification.

The Company shall provide attending shareholders with an attendance book to sign in for the meeting, or attending shareholders may hand in a sign-in card in lieu of signing in.

The Company shall also provide attending shareholders with a meeting agenda handbook, an annual report, an attendance card, speaker's slips, voting slips, and other meeting materials. Where there is an election of directors, preprinted ballots shall also be furnished.

When the government or a juristic person is a shareholder, it may be represented by more than one representative at a shareholders' meeting. When a juristic person is appointed to attend as proxy, it may designate only one person to represent it in the meeting.

In the event of a visual communication shareholders' meeting, shareholders wishing to attend the meeting online shall register with the Company two days before the meeting date.

In the event of a visual communication shareholders' meeting, the Company shall upload the meeting agenda book, annual report and other meeting materials to the visual communication platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.

Article 6-1

To convene a visual communication shareholders meeting, the Company shall include the follow particulars in the shareholders' meeting notice:

1. How shareholders attend the visual communication meeting and exercise their rights.
2. Actions to be taken if the visual communication platform or participation in the visual communication meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, at least covering the following particulars:

- (1) To what time the meeting is postponed or from what time the meeting will resume if the above obstruction continues and cannot be removed, and the date to which the meeting is postponed or on which the meeting will resume.
 - (2) Shareholders not having registered to attend the affected visual communication shareholders' meeting shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.
 - (3) In case of a hybrid shareholders' meeting, when the visual communication meeting cannot be continued, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the visual communication shareholders meeting online, meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholders' meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue. The shares represented by shareholders attending the visual communication meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, and the shareholders attending the visual communication meeting online shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.
 - (4) Actions to be taken if the outcome of all proposals have been announced and extraordinary motion has not been carried out.
3. To convene a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a visual communication shareholders meeting online shall be specified. Unless otherwise provided in Article 44-9, Item 6 of Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, when the company convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, it furthermore shall specify appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders who have difficulty taking part in a virtual shareholders' meeting.

Article 7

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting shall be chaired by the chairman of the board. When the chairman of the board is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the chair, the vice chairman shall act in place of the chair; if there is no vice chairman or the vice chairman also is on leave or for any reason unable to exercise the powers of the vice chairman, the chairman of the board shall appoint one of the managing directors to act as chair, or, if there are no managing directors,

one of the directors shall be appointed to act as chair. Where the chairman does not make such a designation, the managing directors or the directors shall select from among themselves one person to serve as chair.

When a managing director or a director serves as chair, as referred to in the preceding paragraph, the managing director or director shall be one who has held that position for six months or more and who understands the financial and business conditions of the Company. The same shall be true for a representative of a juristic-person director that serves as chair.

It is advisable that shareholders' meetings convened by the Board of Directors be chaired by the chairman of the board in person and attended by a majority of the directors and at least one member of each functional committee on behalf of the committee. The attendance shall be recorded in the meeting minutes.

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by a party that is not the Board of Directors but has the power to convene, the convening party shall chair the meeting. When there are two or more such convening parties, they shall mutually select a chair from among themselves.

The Company may appoint its attorneys, certified public accountants, or related persons retained by it to attend a shareholders' meeting in a non-voting capacity.

Article 8

The Company shall, beginning from the time it accepts shareholder attendance registrations, make an uninterrupted video and audio recording of the entire process of a shareholders' meeting, including the registration procedure, the proceedings of the meeting, and the voting and vote-counting procedures.

The aforesaid video and audio recording shall be retained for a minimum of one year. If a lawsuit has been instituted by any shareholder in accordance with Article 189 of the *Company Act*, however, the Company shall retain the aforesaid recording until the conclusion of the litigation.

Where a shareholders' meeting is held online, the Company shall keep records of shareholder registration, sign-in, check-in, questions raised, votes cast and results of votes counted by the Company, and continuously audio and video record, without interruption, the proceedings of the visual communication meeting from beginning to end.

The information and audio and video recording in the preceding paragraph shall be properly kept by the Company during the entirety of its existence, and copies of the audio and video recording shall be provided to and kept by the visual communication meeting provider.

Article 9

Attendance at shareholders' meetings shall be calculated based on the number of shares. The number of shares in attendance shall be calculated according to the shares indicated by the attendance book and sign-in cards handed in, and the shares checked in on the visual communication platform, plus the number of shares whose voting rights are exercised in writing or by electronic means.

The chair shall call the meeting to order at the appointed time, and announce the number of shares with no voting right and the number of shares held by the attending shareholders.

However, when the attending shareholders do not represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may announce a postponement, provided that not more than two such postponements, for a combined total of not more than 1 hour, may be made. If the quorum is not met after two postponements and the attending shareholders still represent less than one third of the total number of issued shares, the chair shall declare the meeting adjourned. In the event of a visual communication shareholders' meeting, the Company shall also declare the meeting is adjourned at the visual communication platform.

If the quorum is not met after two postponements as referred to in the preceding paragraph, but the attending shareholders represent one third or more of the total number of issued shares, a tentative resolution may be adopted pursuant to Article 175, paragraph 1 of the *Company Act*; all shareholders shall be notified of the tentative resolution and another shareholders' meeting shall be convened within one month. In the event of a visual

communication shareholders' meeting, shareholders intending to attend the meeting online shall re-register to the Company in accordance with Article 6.

When, prior to conclusion of the meeting, the attending shareholders represent a majority of the total number of issued shares, the chair may resubmit the tentative resolution for a vote by the shareholders' meeting pursuant to Article 174 of the *Company Act*.

Article 10

If a shareholders' meeting is convened by the Board of Directors, the meeting agenda shall be set by the Board of Directors. The proposals, including the extempore motions and the amendment to the original matters, shall be voted on by poll. The meeting shall proceed in the order set by the agenda, which shall not be changed without a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

The provisions of the preceding paragraph apply *mutatis mutandis* to a shareholders' meeting convened by a party that is not the Board of Directors but has the power to convene.

The chair shall not declare the meeting adjourned prior to completion of deliberation on the meeting agenda of the preceding two paragraphs (including extempore motions), except by a resolution of the shareholders' meeting. If the chair declares the meeting adjourned in violation of these Rules, the other members of the board shall promptly assist the attending shareholders in electing a new chair in accordance with statutory procedures, by agreement of a majority of the votes represented by the attending shareholders, and then resume the meeting.

The chair shall allow ample opportunity during the meeting for explanation and discussion of proposals and of amendments or extempore motions put forward by shareholders; when the chair is of the opinion that a proposal has been discussed sufficiently to be voted on, the chair may announce the discussion closed to call for a vote and allow sufficient time to vote.

Article 11

Before speaking, an attending shareholder must specify on a speaker's slip the subject of the speech, his/her shareholder account number (or attendance card number), and account name. The order in which shareholders speak shall be set by the chair.

A shareholder in attendance who has submitted a speaker's slip but does not actually speak shall be deemed to have not spoken. When the content of the speech does not correspond to that given on the speaker's slip, the spoken content shall prevail.

Except with the consent of the chair, a shareholder shall not speak more than twice on the same proposal, and a single speech shall not exceed 5 minutes. If the shareholder's speech violates relevant regulations or exceeds the scope of the agenda item in question, the chair may terminate the speech.

When an attending shareholder is speaking, other shareholders shall not speak or interrupt unless they have sought and obtained the consent of the chair and the shareholder that has the floor; the chair shall stop any violation.

When a juristic-person shareholder appoints two or more representatives to attend a shareholders' meeting, only one of the representatives so appointed may speak on the same proposal.

After an attending shareholder has spoken, the chair may respond in person or instruct relevant personnel to respond.

Where a visual communication shareholders' meeting is convened, shareholders attending the meeting online may raise questions in writing at the visual communication platform from the chair declaring the meeting open until the chair declaring the meeting adjourned. No more than two questions for the same proposal may be raised. Each question shall contain no more than 200 words. The regulations in paragraphs 1 to 5 do not apply.

Article 12

Voting at a shareholders' meeting shall be calculated based on the number of shares.

With respect to resolutions of shareholders' meetings, the number of shares held by a shareholder with no voting rights shall not be calculated as part of the total number of issued shares.

When a shareholder is an interested party in relation to an agenda item, and there is the likelihood that such a relationship would prejudice the interests of the Company, that shareholder shall not vote on that item, and shall not exercise voting rights for any other shareholder by proxy.

The number of shares for which voting rights shall not be exercised under the preceding paragraph shall not be calculated as part of the voting rights represented by attending shareholders.

With the exception of a trust enterprise or a shareholder services agent approved by the competent authority, when one person is concurrently appointed as proxy by two or more shareholders, the voting rights represented by that proxy shall not exceed 3% of the voting rights represented by the total number of issued shares. If that percentage is exceeded, the voting rights in excess of that percentage shall not be included in the calculation.

Article 13

A shareholder shall be entitled to one vote for each share held, except when the shares are restricted shares or are deemed non-voting shares under Article 179, paragraph 2 of the *Company Act*.

When the Company holds a shareholders' meeting, it shall adopt electronic means for shareholders to exercise their voting rights and may allow them to exercise such rights in writing. When voting rights are exercised in writing or by electronic means, the method of exercise shall be specified in the shareholders' meeting notice. A shareholder exercising voting rights in writing or by electronic means will be deemed to have attended the meeting in person, but to have waived his/her rights with respect to the extempore motions and amendments to original proposals of that meeting; it is therefore advisable that the

Company refrains from presenting extraordinary motions and amendments to original proposals.

A shareholder intending to exercise voting rights in writing or by electronic means under the preceding paragraph shall deliver a written declaration of intent to the Company not fewer than two days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. When duplicate declarations of intent are delivered, the one received earliest shall prevail, except when a declaration is made to cancel the earlier declaration of intent.

After a shareholder has exercised voting rights in writing or by electronic means, in the event that the shareholder intends to attend the shareholders' meeting in person or online, a written declaration of intent to retract the voting rights already exercised under the preceding paragraph shall be made known to the Company, by the same means by which the voting rights were exercised, not fewer than two days before the date of the shareholders' meeting. If the notice of retraction is submitted after that time, the voting rights already exercised in writing or by electronic means shall prevail. When a shareholder has both exercised voting rights in writing or by electronic means and appointed a proxy to attend a shareholders' meeting, the voting rights exercised by the proxy in the meeting shall prevail.

Except as otherwise provided in the *Company Act* and in the Company's *Articles of Incorporation*, the passage of a proposal shall require an affirmative vote of a majority of the voting rights represented by the attending shareholders. At the time of a vote, for each proposal, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall first announce the total number of voting rights represented by the attending shareholders, followed by a poll of the shareholders. After the conclusion of the meeting, on the same day it is held, the results for each proposal, based on the numbers of votes for and against and the number of abstentions, shall be uploaded onto the MOPS.

When there is an amendment or an alternative to a proposal, the chair shall present the amended or alternative proposal together with the original proposal and decide the order in which they will be put to a vote. When any of them is passed, the other proposals will then be deemed rejected, and no further voting shall be required.

Vote monitoring and counting personnel for the voting on a proposal shall be appointed by the chair, provided that all monitoring personnel shall be shareholders of the Company.

Vote counting for shareholders' meeting proposals or elections shall be conducted in public at the place of the shareholders' meeting. Immediately after vote counting has been completed, the results of the voting, including the statistical tallies of the numbers of votes, shall be announced on the spot, and a record made of the vote.

When the Company convenes a visual communication shareholders' meeting, after the chair declares the meeting open, shareholders attending the meeting online shall cast votes on proposals and elections on the visual communication platform before the chair announces the voting session ends or will be deemed abstained from voting.

In the event of a visual communication shareholders' meeting, votes shall be counted at once after the chair announces the voting session ends, and results of votes and elections shall be announced immediately.

When the Company convenes a hybrid shareholders' meeting, if shareholders who have registered to attend the meeting online in accordance with Article 6 decide to attend the physical shareholders meeting in person, they shall revoke their registration two days before the shareholders meeting in the same manner as they registered. If their registration is not revoked within the time limit, they may only attend the shareholders meeting online.

When shareholders exercise voting rights in writing or by electronic means, unless they have withdrawn the declaration of intent and attended the shareholders' meeting online, except for extraordinary motions, they will not exercise voting rights on the original proposals or make any amendments to the original proposals or exercise voting rights on amendments to the original proposal.

Article 14

The election of directors at a shareholders' meeting shall be held in accordance with the

applicable election and appointment rules adopted by the Company, and the voting results shall be announced on the spot immediately, including the names of those elected as directors and the numbers of votes with which they are elected, and the names of those not elected as directors and the number of votes received by them.

The ballots for the election referred to in the preceding paragraph shall be sealed with the signatures of the monitoring personnel and kept in proper custody for at least one year. If, however, a shareholder files a lawsuit pursuant to Article 189 of the *Company Act*, the ballots shall be retained until the conclusion of the litigation.

Article 15

Matters relating to the resolutions of a shareholders' meeting shall be recorded in the meeting minutes. The meeting minutes shall be signed or sealed by the chair of the meeting and a copy distributed to each shareholder within 20 days after the conclusion of the meeting. The meeting minutes may be produced and distributed electronically.

The Company may distribute the meeting minutes of the preceding paragraph by means of a public announcement uploaded onto the MOPS.

The meeting minutes shall accurately record the year, month, day, and place of the meeting, the chair's full name, the methods by which resolutions were adopted, a summary of the deliberations and voting results (including the statistical weight), as well as the number of votes obtained by each electee in the event of a Board of Directors election, and shall be retained for the duration of the existence of the Company.

Where a visual communication shareholders meeting is convened, in addition to the particulars to be included in the meeting minutes as described in the preceding paragraph, the start time and end time of the shareholders' meeting, how the meeting is convened, the chair's and the minute taker's name, and actions to be taken in the event of disruption to the visual communication platform or participation in the meeting online due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events, and how issues are dealt with shall also be included in the minutes.

When convening a virtual-only shareholder meeting, other than compliance with the requirements in the preceding paragraph, the Company shall specify in the meeting minutes alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a virtual-only shareholders' meeting online.

Article 16

On the day of a shareholders' meeting, the Company shall compile in the prescribed format a statistical statement of the number of shares obtained by solicitors through solicitation, the number of shares represented by proxies and the number of shares represented by shareholders attending the meeting in writing or by electronic means, and shall make a disclosure of the same at the place of the meeting. In the event a visual communication shareholders meeting, the Company shall upload the above meeting materials to the visual communication platform at least 30 minutes before the meeting starts, and keep this information disclosed until the end of the meeting.

During the Company's visual communication shareholders' meeting, when the meeting is called to order, the total number of shares represented at the meeting shall be disclosed on the visual communication platform. The same shall apply whenever the total number of shares represented at the meeting and a new tally of votes is released during the meeting.

If matters put to a resolution at a shareholders' meeting constitute material information under applicable laws or regulations or under Taiwan Stock Exchange Corporation regulations, the Company shall upload the content of the resolution in question onto the MOPS within the prescribed time period.

Article 17

Staffers handling administrative affairs of a shareholders' meeting shall wear identification cards or armbands.

The chair may direct proctors or security guards to help maintain order at the meeting. The aforesaid proctors or security guards shall wear an identification card or armband marked the word “Proctor.”

At the place of a shareholders’ meeting, if a shareholder attempts to speak through any device other than the public address equipment set up by the Company, the chair may prevent the shareholder from so doing.

When a shareholder violates these Rules and defies the chair’s correction, obstructing the proceedings and refusing to heed calls to stop, the chair may direct the proctors or security personnel to escort the shareholder out of the meeting.

Article 18

When a meeting is in progress, the chair may announce a break based on time considerations. If a force majeure event occurs, the chair may rule the meeting temporarily suspended and announce a time when, in view of the circumstances, the meeting is to be resumed.

If the meeting venue is no longer available for continued use and not all of the items (including extempore motions) on the meeting agenda have been addressed, the shareholders’ meeting may adopt a resolution to resume the meeting at another venue.

A resolution may be adopted at a shareholders’ meeting to defer or resume the meeting within five days in accordance with Article 182 of the *Company Act*.

Article 19

In the event of a visual communication shareholders meeting, the Company shall disclose real-time results of votes and election immediately after the end of the voting session on the visual communication platform according to the regulations, and this disclosure shall continue at least 15 minutes after the chair has announced the meeting adjourned.

Article 20

When the Company convenes a virtual-only shareholders meeting, both the chair and minute taker shall be in the same location, and the chair shall declare the address of their location when the meeting is called to order.

Article 21

In the event of a visual communication shareholders' meeting, when declaring the meeting open, the chair or a person designated by the chair shall also declare, unless under a circumstance where a meeting is not required to be postponed to or resumed at another time under paragraph 4, Article 44-20 of the Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, if the visual communication platform or participation in the visual communication meeting is obstructed due to natural disasters, accidents or other force majeure events before the chair has announced the meeting adjourned, and the obstruction continues for more than 30 minutes, the meeting shall be postponed to or resumed on another date within 5 days, in which case Article 182 of the Company Act shall not apply.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed as described in the preceding paragraph, shareholders who have not registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting online shall not attend the postponed or resumed session.

For a meeting to be postponed or resumed under the first paragraph, the number of shares represented by, and voting rights and election rights exercised by the shareholders who have registered to participate in the affected shareholders meeting and have successfully signed in the meeting, but do not attend the postpone or resumed session, at the affected shareholders meeting, shall be counted towards the total number of shares, number of voting rights and number of election rights represented at the postponed or resumed session.

During a postponed or resumed session of a shareholders meeting held under the first paragraph, no further discussion or resolution is required for proposals for which votes have been cast and counted and results have been announced, or list of elected directors and supervisors.

When the Company convenes a hybrid shareholders meeting, and the visual communication meeting cannot continue as described in first paragraph, if the total number of shares represented at the meeting, after deducting those represented by shareholders attending the visual communication shareholders meeting online, still meets the minimum legal requirement for a shareholder meeting, then the shareholders meeting shall continue, and not postponement or resumption thereof under the first paragraph is required.

Under the circumstances where a meeting should continue as in the preceding paragraph, the shares represented by shareholders attending the visual communication meeting online shall be counted towards the total number of shares represented by shareholders present at the meeting, provided these shareholders shall be deemed abstaining from voting on all proposals on meeting agenda of that shareholders' meeting.

When postponing or resuming a meeting according to the first paragraph, the Company shall handle the preparatory work based on the date of the original shareholders meeting in accordance with the requirements listed under paragraph 7, Article 44-20 of the *Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies*.

For dates or period set forth under second half of Article 12, and paragraph 3, Article 13 of the *Regulations Governing the Use of Proxies for Attendance at Shareholder Meetings of Public Companies*; paragraph 2, Article 44-5, Article 44-15, and paragraph 1, Article 44-17 of the *Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies*, the Company shall handle the matter based on the date of the shareholders meeting that is postponed or resumed under the first paragraph.

Article 22

When convening a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, the Company shall provide appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders with difficulties in attending a visual communication shareholders meeting online. Unless otherwise provided in Article 44-9, Item 6 of Regulations Governing the Administration of Shareholder Services of Public Companies, when the company convenes a virtual-only shareholders' meeting, it

furthermore shall specify appropriate alternative measures available to shareholders who have difficulty taking part in a virtual shareholders' meeting.

Article 23

When the Company holds a shareholders' meeting, the shareholders shall not record video or audio of the meeting, to protect the rights of the attendants and the Company.

Article 24

These Rules, and any amendments hereto, shall be implemented after adoption by shareholders' meetings.